Crimping tools

Tools and accessories for crimp contacts

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* the underlined polarities indicate those contacts that require the tools shown in this page





description	part No.	part No.
crimping tool for 10A, 16A and 40A contacts RENNSTEIG model (turret included)	CCPZ RN	
"go / no go" control gauge to verify indenter closure (see note)	CCPNP RN	
insertion tool for insertion of the contacts into the inserts for crimped contacts up to 0,75 mm ²		CCINA
removal tools for the extraction of contacts from the inserts for 10A (CD) contacts 1 for 16A (CC) contacts 2 for 40A (CX) contacts 3 and cables $\emptyset < 5$ mm for 40A (CX) contacts 4 and cables $\emptyset < 7,5$ mm		CCES CQES CXES CXES-10
replacement tip for CCES removal tool		CCPR RN
 for CQ, CD, CDD, CX inserts (10A auxiliary contacts) and MIXO module (10A) for CQ, CQE, CQEE, CCE, CMCE inserts (excluded 16+2), MIXO module (16A), CX6/6 (16A) and CDC. For CMCE (16+2), CX inserts (contacts 16A insert CX 8/24) using a flat 3 mm screwdriver. for CX inserts (40A contacts) and MIXO module (40A) for MIXO module CX 03 4B and contacts 10 mm². 	CCPZ RN positioner incorporated	CCINA
Notes: "go / no go" control gauge		CCES CCPR RN
 A tool used to periodically check that the crimping tool meets standard requirements. 		
CCPNP RN NO GO GO GO		COES
Watch our online tutorial		CXES - CXES-10
714		

Use and maintenance instructions

1. General specifications

The CCPZ RN crimping tool crimps with 8 pressure points, obtaining similar results to the prescriptions of standard MIL-C-22520/1.

The tool has a geared mechanism for controlling the complete crimping cycle, and houses a positioning turret with 12 positions, six of which can be used for positioning the ILME male and female crimping contacts of series CD (10A max), CC (16A max) and CX (40A max).

1.1 Crimping range

Conductor cross-sectional area range: from 0,14 mm^2 (26 AWG) to 10 mm^2 (8 AWG).

Caution! The handle of the tool must be in the open position when the turret is installed, disassembled or opened. If not, the turret and the crimping tool may be damaged.



movable handle

2. Description of tool

Crimping tool components: a first mobile handle, with a precision stop mechanism with teeth and an opening limiting guide; a second fixed handle with metric scale (units of 2/10 mm); an adjustment system with fine step adjustments of 1/100 mm; four indenters; a 12-seat positioner, fully rotating through 360° for accurate positioning of contacts. A reference table engraved on the tool surface provides the positioner (POS) number and crimping depth (SET) to select according to the type and size of the ILME contact (the crimping tool can be set to any crimping depth which may be required by the contact manufacturer).

3. Adjustment of crimp depth

Crimp depth to be adjusted ad follows:

for approximate adjustments

the adjustment knob should be turned clockwise to reduce crimping depth, and anti-clockwise to increase it.

3.1 Adjustment tolerances:

- 1 scale mark on the knob = adjustment of 1/100 mm (0,01 mm);
- 1 complete rotation of knob = adjustment of 2/10 mm (0,2 mm, this indication can be read on the knob and on the approximate scale);

crimp depth -

1/100 mm units for fine adjustment crimp depth +

adjustment knob with

- 5 knob rotations = adjustment of 1,0 mm
- (this indication can be read on the scale).



scale in mm, with 2/10 mm units

4. Crimping instructions

The reference matrix on the crimping tool indicates the correct seat of the positioner (POS M1, F2, M3, F4, M5, F6) to select, and the crimping depth (SET) to adjust for the contact to be crimped.

The contact is inserted through the crimper entry hole on the opposite side of the positioner.

The contact is closed by closing the handles in the first stop position, in order to prevent the contact coming out off the crimper and to facilitate fitting the conductor in the contact.

The precision stop mechanism with teeth ensures consistently precise crimps, by forcing the crimper to close completely and finish the crimping cycle before the crimper can be re-opened.

Tool adjustment

CDMA/D (male)	Section (mm ²)	Crimp depth (mm)
CDFA/D (female)		
0,3	0,14	1,3
	0,25	
	0,37	
0,5	0,5	1,55
0,7	0,75	1,55
1,0	1,0	1,55
1,5	1,5	1,55
2,5	2,5	1,55

Positioner seat = M3 (male) - F4 (female)

CCMA/D (male)	Section	Crimp
CCFA/D (female)	(mm²)	depth (mm)
0,3	0,14	1,2
0,3	0,25-0,37	1,3
0,5	0,5	1,55
0,7	0,75	1,55
1,0	1,0	1,55
1,5	1,5	1,8
1,5 2,5	2,5	1,8
3,0	3,0	1,9
4,0	4,0	2,0

Positioner seat = M5 (male) - F6 (female)

CXMA/D (male)	Section (mm ²)	Crimp depth (mm)
CXFA/D (female)		
1,5	1,5	1,55
2,5	2,5	1,8
4,0	4,0	2,0
6,0	6,0	2,5
10,0	10,0	2,3

5. Calibration check

The crimping tool is adjusted in the manufacturer's plant. To ensure correct calibration, we advise you to check the tool with a gauge every working day.

This is easily done with the CCPNP RN cylindrical gauge in the 2,0 mm \varnothing position.

ATTENTION !: Do not crimp the gauge.

Crimping depth of 2 mm can be adjusted with the adjustment knob (scale marked on "2", screw indicator on "0" as shown in the above figure). Put the crimping tool in the completely position.

"GO" - Insert the end of the gauge as shown (Fig. 1).

The gauge must pass freely between the indenter tips.

"NO GO" - Insert the end of the gauge as shown (Fig. 2).

The gauge should not pass through the opening.



6. Maintenance and repair

Keep the crimping tool clean and store it correctly when not in use. The joints need to be lubricated periodically, and the pin stop circular clips must always stay in position.

This is a high precision crimping tool and must be used as such.